#### SESSION 1991

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SENATE BILL 344

Short Title: Clean Water Loan Program Transfer.

(Public)

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Sponsors: Senator Simpson.

Referred to: Environment and Natural Resource.

March 28, 1991

2	AN ACT TO TRANSFER THE NORTH CAROLINA CLEAN WATER REVOLVING
3	LOAN AND GRANT PROGRAM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF
4	ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND NATURAL RESOURCES.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. G.S. 159G-3 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 159G-3. Definitions.
8	As used in this Chapter, the following words shall have the meanings indicated,
9	unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
10	(1) 'Administrative Account' means the Administrative Account in the
11	Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund established in the
12	Office of State Budget and Management under the provisions of this
13	Chapter to cover administrative costs of the program.
14	(2) 'Applicant' means a local government unit that applies for a revolving
15	loan or grant under the provisions of this Chapter. In addition, a local
16	government may provide funds to a nonprofit agency which is
17	currently under contract and authorized to provide wastewater
18	treatment or water supply services to that unit of local government.
19	(3) 'Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund' means the fund
20	established in the Office of State Budget and Management Department
21	of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources to carry out the
22	provisions of this Chapter, with various accounts therein as herein
23	provided.

1	(4)	'Construction costs' means the actual costs of planning, designing
2		and constructing any project for which a revolving loan or grant is
3		made under this Chapter including planning; environmental
4		assessment; wastewater system analysis, evaluation and
5		rehabilitation; engineering; legal, fiscal, administrative and
6		contingency costs for water supply systems, wastewater collection
7		systems, wastewater treatment works and any extensions,
8		improvements, remodeling, additions, or alterations to existing
9		systems. Construction costs may include excess or reserve capacity
10		costs, attributable to no more than 20-year projected domestic
11		growth, plus ten percent (10%) unspecified industrial growth. In
12		addition, construction costs shall include any fees payable to the
13		Environmental Management Commission or the Division of
14		Environmental Health for review of applications and grant of
15		permits, and fees for inspections under G.S. 159G-14. Construction
16		costs may also include the costs for purchase or acquisition of real
17		property.
18	(5)	'Grant' means a sum of money given by the State to a local
19	(5)	government unit to subsidize the construction costs of a project
20		authorized by this Chapter, without any obligation on the part of
21		such unit to repay such sum.
22	(6)	'Commission for Health Services' means the Commission for Health
23	(0)	Services created by G.S. 130A-29.
24	(6a)	'Debt instrument' means an instrument in the nature of a promissory
25	(00)	note executed by a local government unit under the provisions of this
26		Chapter, to evidence a debt to the State and obligation to repay the
27		principal, plus interest, under stated terms.
28	(7)	'Division of Environmental Health' means the Division of
29	$(\prime)$	Environmental Health of the Department of Environment, Health,
30		and Natural Resources.
31	(8)	'Environmental Management Commission' means the
32		Environmental Management Commission of the Department of
		Divisionitation in the population of the population of

- Environment, Health, and Natural Resources.
   (9) 'Local Government Commission' means the Local Government Commission of the Department of the State Treasurer, established by Article 2 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes.
- (10) 'Local government unit' means a county, city, town, incorporated village, sanitary district, metropolitan sewerage district, metropolitan water district, county water and sewer district, water and sewer authority or joint agency created pursuant to Part 1 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes.
- 42 (11) 'Office of State Budget and Management' means the Office of State
   43 Budget and Management established by law.

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	1991		GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1	(1	2) '	Receiving agency' means the Division of Environmental Health with
2	·	r	respect to receipt of applications for revolving loans and grants for
3		V	water supply systems, and the Environmental Management
4		(	Commission and the Division of Environmental Management with
5		r	respect to receipt of applications for revolving loans and grants for
6			wastewater systems.
7	(	13)	'Revolving construction loan' means a sum of money loaned by the
8			State to a local government unit to subsidize the construction costs
9			of a project authorized by this Chapter, with an obligation on the part
10			of such unit to repay such sum, the proceeds of such repayment to be
11			deposited in the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund.
12	(	14)	'Revolving emergency loan' means a sum of money loaned by the
13			State to a local government unit upon a certification, as provided in
14			this Chapter, of a serious public health hazard, with an obligation on
15	(	15)	the part of such unit to repay such sum.
16	(	15)	'Revolving loan' includes a revolving construction loan and an
17 18	(	150)	emergency loan. 'State' means the State of North Carolina.
18 19	`	15a)	
19 20	(	15b)	'State Treasurer' means the Treasurer of the State elected pursuant to
20 21			Article III, Section 7 of the Constitution or his designated representative.
21	(	16)	'Wastewater Accounts' means the various accounts in the Clean
22	(	10)	Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund established in the Office of
23 24			State Budget and Management-Department of Environment, Health,
25			and Natural Resources under this Chapter for revolving loans and
26			grants for wastewater treatment work and wastewater collection
27			system projects.
28	(	17)	'Wastewater collection system' means a unified system of pipes,
29	<sup>×</sup>	/	conduits, pumping stations, force mains, and appurtenances other
30			than interceptor sewers, for collecting and transmitting water-carried
31			human wastes and other wastewater from residences, industrial
32			establishments or any other buildings, and owned by a local
33			government unit.
34	(	18)	'Wastewater treatment works' means the various facilities and
35			devices used in the treatment of sewage, industrial waste or other
36			wastes of a liquid nature, including the necessary interceptor sewers,
37			outfall sewers, phosphorous removal equipment, pumping, power
38			and other equipment and their appurtenances.
39	(	19)	'Water Supply Accounts' means the various accounts in the Clean
40			Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund established in the Office of
41			State Budget and Management-Department of Environment, Health,
42			and Natural Resources under this Chapter for revolving loans and
43			grants for water supply system projects.

1 2 3 4	(20) 'Water supply system' means a public water supply system consisting of facilities and works for supplying, treating and distributing potable water including, but not limited to, impoundments, reservoirs, wells, intakes, water filtration plants and other treatment facilities tarks and other storage facilities
5 6	other treatment facilities, tanks and other storage facilities, transmission mains, distribution piping, pipes connecting the system
7	to other public water supply systems, pumping equipment and all
8	other necessary appurtenances, equipment and structures."
9	Sec. 2. G.S. 159G-4 reads as rewritten:
10	"§ 159G-4. Appropriations.
11	(a) Of the funds appropriated to the Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant
12	Fund, the amount required in each fiscal year to provide the State match of any federal
13	funds deposited into the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund shall be allocated to
14	that fund.
15	(b) Of the appropriations made from the General Fund to the Clean Water
16	Revolving Loan and Grant Fund for use of the Office of State Budget and Management
17	Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources as provided in this Chapter,
18	allocations are made as follows after first subtracting the amounts allocated under
19	subsection (a) of this section, to the extent that there are any excess funds available:
20	Wastewater Accounts
21	General Wastewater Revolving
22	Loan Account 45.00%
23	Emergency Wastewater Revolving
24	Loan Account 14.00%
25	High-Unit Cost Wastewater
26	Account 10.00%
27	Water Supply Accounts
28	General Water Supply
29	Revolving Loan Account 23.00%
30	High-Unit Cost Water Supply
31	Account 3.00%
32	Emergency Water Supply Revolving
33	Loan Account 5.00%
34	(c) All payments of interest and repayments of principal resulting from revolving
35	loans shall be credited to the respective accounts from which the revolving loan funds
36	were disbursed. Terms and conditions for repayment of revolving loans shall be
37	established by the Office of State Budget and Management, Department of Environment,
38	<u>Health, and Natural Resources, with the assistance of the Local Government</u>
39 40	Commission, consistent with the requirements of the Federal Water Pollution Control
40 41	Act and this Chapter. Provided, the interest rate for all revolving loans authorized by this Chapter shall be fixed at the same percent per annum as the interest rate fixed under
41	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act for loans from the Water Pollution Control
42	Revolving Fund established by G.S. 159G-5(c), not to exceed the lesser of four percent
43 44	(4%) or one half $(1/2)$ the prevailing national market rate for tax exempt general
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1	obligation debt of similar maturities derived from a published indicator. Provided
2	further, the interest rate may be fixed at a lower rate per annum if authorized by the
3	Federal Water Pollution Control Act Regulations. It is the intent of the General
4	Assembly to provide uniform interest payments for all loans made to units of local
5	government irrespective of the account from which loans are made for either wastewater
6	or water supply projects."
7	Sec. 3. G.S. 159G-5(a) reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 159G-5. Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund.
9	(a) There is established in the Office of State Budget and Management Department
10	of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources a fund to be known as the Clean Water
11	Revolving Loan and Grant Fund, to be administered by the Office of State Budget and
12	Management, which shall be responsible for receipt and disbursement of all moneys as
13	appropriated and provided for in this Chapter."
14	Sec. 4. G.S. 159G-6 reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 159G-6. Distribution of funds.
16	(a) Revolving loans and grants.
17	(1) All funds appropriated or accruing to the Clean Water Revolving Loan
18	and Grant Fund, other than funds set aside for administrative expenses,
19	shall be used for revolving loans and grants to local government units
20	for construction costs of wastewater treatment works, wastewater
21	collection systems and water supply systems and other assistance as
22	provided in this Chapter.
23	(2) The maximum principal amount of a revolving loan or a grant may be
24	one hundred percent (100%) of the nonfederal share of the
25	construction costs of any eligible project. The maximum principal
23 26	amount of revolving loans made to any one local government unit
20 27	during any fiscal year shall be three million dollars (\$3,000,000). The
28	maximum principal amount of grants made to any one local
28 29	government unit during any fiscal year shall be five hundred thousand
2) 30	dollars (\$500,000).
31	(3) The State Treasurer shall be responsible for investing and distributing
32	all funds appropriated or accruing to the Clean Water Revolving Loan
33	and Grant Fund for revolving loans and grants under this Chapter. In
33 34	fulfilling his responsibilities under this section, the State Treasurer
34 35	
35 36	shall make a written request to the Office of State Budget and Management Department of Environment Health and Natural
30 37	Management Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources to arrange for the appropriated funds to be (i) transformed
	<u>Resources</u> to arrange for the appropriated funds to be (i) transferred
38	from the appropriate accounts to a local government unit to provide
39 40	funds for one or more revolving loans or grants or (ii) invested as authorized by this Chapter with the interact on and the principal of
40	authorized by this Chapter with the interest on and the principal of
41	such investments to be transferred to the local government unit to
42	provide funds for one or more revolving loans or grants.
43	(b) Wastewater Accounts. – The sums allocated in G.S. 159G-4 and accruing to
44	the various Wastewater Accounts in each fiscal year shall be used to make revolving

1	loans and grants	s to local government units as provided below. The Office of State Budget
2	and Managemen	t-Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources shall
3	disburse no fu	nds from the Wastewater Accounts except upon receipt of written
4	approval of the	disbursement from the Environmental Management Commission.
5	(1)	General Wastewater Revolving Loan and Grant Account The funds
6		in the General Wastewater Revolving Loan and Grant Account shall
7		be used exclusively for the purpose of providing for revolving
8		construction loans or grants in connection with approved wastewater
9		treatment work or wastewater collection system projects.
10	(2)	High-Unit Cost Wastewater Account The funds in the High-Unit
11		Cost Wastewater Account shall be available for grants to applicants for
12		high-unit cost wastewater projects. Eligibility of an applicant for such
13		a grant shall be determined by comparing estimated average household
14		user fees for water and sewer service, for debt service and operation
15		and maintenance costs, to one and one-half percent (1.5%) of the
16		median household income in the county in which the project is located.
17		The projects which would require estimated average household water
18		and sewer user fees greater than one and one-half percent (1.5%) of the
19		median household income are defined as high-unit cost wastewater
20		projects and will be eligible for a grant equal to the excess cost, subject
21		to the limitations in subsection $(a)(2)$ of this section.
22	(3)	Emergency Wastewater Revolving Loan Account. – The funds in the
23	(-)	Emergency Wastewater Revolving Loan Account shall be available for
24		revolving emergency loans to applicants in the event the
25		Environmental Management Commission certifies that a serious public
26		health hazard, related to the inadequacy of existing wastewater
27		facilities, is present or imminent in a community.
28	(c) Wate	r Supply Accounts. – The sums allocated in G.S. 159G-4 and accruing
29		Water Supply Accounts in each fiscal year shall be used to provide
30		and grants to local government units as provided below. The Office of
31	-	nd Management Department of Environment, Health, and Natural
32		disburse no funds from the Water Supply Accounts except upon receipt
33		oval of the disbursement from the Division of Environmental Health.
34	(1)	General Water Supply Revolving Loan and Grant Account The
35	(-)	funds in the General Water Supply Revolving Loan and Grant Account
36		shall be used exclusively for the purpose of providing for revolving
37		construction loans and grants in connection with water supply systems
38		generally and not upon a county allotment basis.
39	(2)	High-Unit Cost Water Supply Account. – The funds in the High-Unit
40	(-)	Cost Water Supply Account shall be available for grants to applicants
41		for high-unit cost water supply systems, on the same basis as provided
42		in G.S. $159G-6(b)(2)$ for high-unit cost wastewater projects.
43	(3)	Emergency Water Supply Revolving Loan Account. – The funds in the
44		Emergency Water Supply Revolving Loan Account shall be available

1	for revolving emergency loans to applicants in the event the Division
2	of Environmental Health certifies that a serious public health hazard,
3	related to the water supply system, is present or imminent in a
4	community.
5	(d) Administrative Account The Office of State Budget and Management,
6	from time to time, may allocate funds from the Administrative Account to meet the
7	expenses of the Office of State Budget and Management, Local Government
8	Commission, Division of Environmental Health and Environmental Management
9	Commission incurred in the administration of this Chapter in excess of normal operating
10	expenses.
11	Each agency entitled to receive administrative expense funds from the
12	Administrative Account shall prepare an itemized estimate of administrative funds
13	required for the succeeding fiscal year, and the Division of Environmental Health, the
14	Local Government Commission and the Environmental Management Commission shall
15	deliver their estimates to the Office of State Budget and Management at least 45 days
16	prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which the funds are required. The Office of
17	State Budget and Management shall determine the administrative expense funds
18	available and, along with its recommendations, shall deliver the estimates of the
19	Division of Environmental Health, the Local Government Commission and of the
20	Environmental Management Commission and its own estimate, if any, to the Advisory
21	Budget Commission at least 30 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which
22	the funds are required. Any administrative expense funds shall be disbursed by the
23	Office of State Budget and Management to the appropriate agency. If the administrative
24	expense funds disbursed to any agency shall prove insufficient, it may apply at any time
25	during the fiscal year for additional funds in the manner above provided.
26	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, funds in the Water
27	Pollution Control Revolving Fund shall not be available as grants except to the extent
28	permitted by Title VI of the Federal Water Quality Act of 1987 and the regulations
29	thereunder."
30	Sec. 5. G.S. 159G-8(a) reads as rewritten:
31	"(a) Application. – All applications for revolving loans and grants for water
32	supply systems shall be filed with the Division of Environmental Health and all
33	applications for revolving loans and grants for wastewater treatment works or
34	wastewater collection systems shall be filed with the Environmental Management
35	Commission. Every applicant shall also file with the Office of State Budget and Management
36 37	such information concerning the application as the Office of State Budget and Management may require by rules adopted pursuant to this Chapter. Any application may be filed in as
37 38	many categories as it is eligible for consideration under this Chapter. Applications for
38 39	revolving construction loans or grants for wastewater treatment works and wastewater
40	collection systems, except applications for emergency wastewater loans, shall first be
40 41	submitted for a loan or grant from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund
42	established by G.S. $159G-5(c)$ . If the application is denied, the application shall then be
43	considered for a revolving loan or a grant from the General Wastewater Revolving Loan
44	and Grant account established under G.S. 159-6(b)(1).
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1 The Office of State Budget and Management, the Division of Environmental Health 2 Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, the Commission for Health 3 Services, and the Environmental Management Commission may develop jointly and adopt a standard form of application under this Chapter. Any application for 4 construction grants under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act may be considered as 5 6 an application for revolving construction loans or grants under G.S. 159G-5(c) and 7 G.S. 159G-6(b)(1). The information required to be set forth in the application shall be 8 sufficient to permit the respective agencies to determine the eligibility of the applicant 9 and to establish the priority of the application, as set forth in this Chapter. 10 Any applicant shall furnish information in addition or supplemental to the information contained in its application upon request by the receiving agency." 11 12 Sec. 6. G.S. 159G-12 reads as rewritten: 13 "§ 159G-12. Disbursement. 14 (a) No funds shall be disbursed by the Office of State Budget and Management 15 Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources for any revolving loan or 16 grant until it has received from the receiving agency a certificate of eligibility to the 17 effect that the applicant meets all eligibility criteria, and that all procedural requirements 18 of this Chapter have been met. In the event that the revolving loan or grant payments are to be made in 19 (b)installments, no payment shall be disbursed by the Office of State Budget and Management 20 21 Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources until the receiving agency 22 submits a written request for disbursement. 23 The receiving agency, in its sole discretion, may determine whether the (c)24 payment of any revolving loan or grant made under this Chapter shall be in a lump sum 25 or in installments as progress payments and shall, by adoption of appropriate rules and regulations, provide for the manner of approval and payment of revolving loans or 26 27 grants. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the receiving agency and consistent 28 with the provisions of G.S. 159G-6(a)(3), shall, by adoption of appropriate rules, 29 provide for the payment of revolving loans or grants." 30 Sec. 7. G.S. 159G-15 reads as rewritten: "§ 159G-15. Rules. 31 32 The Office of State Budget and Management, Department of Environment, (a) Health, and Natural Resources, the Commission for Health Services Services, and the 33 34 Environmental Management Commission may adopt, modify and repeal rules 35 establishing the procedures to be followed in the administration of this Chapter and regulations interpreting and applying the provisions of this Chapter, as provided in the 36 37 Administrative Procedure Act. Uniform rules may be jointly adopted where feasible 38 and desirable, and no rule jointly adopted may be modified or revoked except upon 39 concurrence of all agencies involved. 40 A copy of its rules adopted to implement the provisions of this Chapter shall (b)be furnished free of charge by the receiving agency and the Office of State Budget and 41

42 Management-Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources to any local
 43 government unit."

Sec. 8. G.S. 159G-16 reads as rewritten:

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### 1 "§ 159G-16. Federal grants and loans.

In order to carry out the purpose of this Chapter to secure the greatest benefits possible to the citizens of this State from the funds herein appropriated, the Office of State Budget and Management, Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, the Commission for Health Services Services, and the Environmental Management Commission shall adopt such rules and criteria, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter, as are necessary and appropriate to conform to regulations for federal grants and loans for any of the purposes set forth in this Chapter."

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Sec. 9. G.S. 159G-17 reads as rewritten:

# 10 "§ 159G-17. Annual reports to Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental 11 Operations.

12 (a) The Office of State Budget and Management, Department of Environment, 13 <u>Health, and Natural Resources,</u> the Division of Environmental Health-Health, and the 14 Environmental Management Commission shall prepare and file on or before July 31 of 15 each year with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations a 16 consolidated report for the preceding fiscal year concerning the allocation of revolving 17 loans and grants authorized by this Chapter.

Office of State Budget and Management. The portion of the report prepared by 18 (b) the Office of State Budget and Management-Department of Environment, Health, and 19 20 Natural Resources shall set forth for the preceding fiscal year itemized and total 21 allocations from the Administrative Account for administrative expenses; itemized and total allocations from the Wastewater Accounts of revolving loans and grants authorized 22 23 by the Environmental Management Commission; and itemized and total allocations 24 from the Water Supply Accounts of revolving loans and grants authorized by the Division of Environmental Health. 25 The Office of State Budget and Management Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources shall also prepare a 26 27 summary report of all allocations made from the Clean Water Revolving Loan and Grant Fund for each fiscal year; the total funds received and allocations made; and 28 29 unallocated funds on hand in each account as of the end of the preceding fiscal year.

30 (c) Environmental Management Commission and Division of Environmental
 31 Health. – The portions of the report prepared by the Environmental Management
 32 Commission and the Division of Environmental Health shall include:

- Identification of each revolving loan and grant made by the receiving agency during the preceding fiscal year; the total amount of the revolving loan and grant commitments; the sums actually paid during the preceding fiscal year to each revolving loan and grant made and to each revolving loan and grant previously committed but unpaid; and the total revolving loan and grant funds paid during the preceding fiscal year.
- 40 (2) Itemization of expenditures of any administrative expense funds
  41 allocated from the Administrative Account during the preceding fiscal
  42 year.
- 43 (3) Summarization for all preceding years of the total number of revolving 44 loans and grants made; the total funds committed to such revolving

1	loans and grants; the total sum actually paid to such revolving loans
2	and grants and the total expenditure of administrative expense funds
3	allocated from the Administrative Account.
4	(4) Assessment and evaluation of the effects that approved projects have
5	had upon water pollution control and water supplies within the
6	purposes of this Chapter and with relation to the total water pollution
7	control and water supply problem.
8	(d) The report shall be signed by each of the chief executive officers of the State
9	agencies preparing the report."
10	Sec. 10. G.S. 159G-18(a) reads as rewritten:
11	"(a) Local government units may execute debt instruments payable to the State in
12	order to obtain revolving loans provided for in this Chapter. Local government units
13	shall pledge as security for such obligations the user fee revenues derived from
14	operation of the benefited facilities or systems only, or their faith and credit, or both.
15	The faith and credit of such local government units shall not be pledged or be deemed to
16	have been pledged unless the requirements of Article 4, Chapter 159 of the General
17	Statutes have been met. The Office of State Budget and Management Department of
18	Environment, Health, and Natural Resources and the State Treasurer, with the assistance
19	of the Local Government Commission, shall develop and adopt appropriate debt
20	instruments for use under this Chapter. The Local Government Commission shall
21	develop and adopt appropriate procedures for the delivery of debt instruments to the
22	State without any public bidding therefor."

Sec. 11. This act is effective upon ratification.