SESSION 1991

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HOUSE BILL 22 Committee Substitute Favorable 5/9/91 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/18/91

Short Title: Regulate Reverse Mortgages.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 6, 1991

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REGULATE REVERSE MORTGAGES.
3	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
4	Section 1. Chapter 53 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
5	Article to read:
6	"ARTICLE 21.
7	"REVERSE MORTGAGES.
8	"§ 53-255. Title.
9	This Article shall be known and may be cited as the Reverse Mortgage Act.
10	" <u>§ 53-256. Purpose.</u>
11	It is the intent of the General Assembly that reverse mortgage loans be available so
12	that elderly homeowners may use the equity in their homes to meet their financial
13	needs. The General Assembly recognizes that there may be restrictions and
14	requirements governing traditional mortgage transactions that should not apply to
15	reverse mortgages. The purpose of this Article is to authorize reverse mortgage
16	transactions and to clarify other provisions of North Carolina law that might otherwise
17	apply to reverse mortgage loans, and to provide protection for elderly homeowners who
18	enter into reverse mortgage transactions.
19	" <u>§ 53-257. Definitions.</u>
20	The following definitions apply in this Article:
21	(1) Authorized lender or lender. The North Carolina Housing Finance
22	Agency, any lender authorized to engage in business as a bank, savings

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(Public)

1		institution, or credit union under the laws of this State or of the United
2		States, or any other person, firm, or corporation authorized to make
2		reverse mortgage loans by the Commissioner of Banks.
4	<u>(2)</u>	Borrower. A natural person 62 years of age or older who occupies and
5	(2)	owns, in fee simple individually, or with another borrower as tenants
6		by the entireties or as joint tenants with right of survivorship, an
7		interest in residential real property securing a reverse mortgage loan,
8		and who borrows money under a reverse mortgage loan.
8 9	(3)	Commissioner. The Commissioner of Banks of this State.
9 10	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	<u>Counselor</u> . An individual who has completed a training curriculum on
10	<u>(+)</u>	reverse mortgage counseling provided or approved by the North
12		<u>Carolina Housing Finance Agency and whose name is maintained on</u>
12		the Commissioner's list of approved reverse mortgage counselors.
14	<u>(5)</u>	Outstanding balance. The current net amount of money owed by the
15	<u>(5)</u>	borrower to the lender, calculated in accordance with G.S. 53-262(b),
16		whether or not the sum is suspended under the terms of the reverse
17		mortgage loan agreement or is immediately due and payable.
18	<u>(6)</u>	Reverse mortgage loan or loan. A loan for a definite or indefinite term
19	(0)	(i) secured by a first mortgage or first deed of trust on the principal
20		residence of the mortgagor, (ii) the proceeds of which are disbursed to
21		the mortgagor in one or more lump sums, or in equal or unequal
22		installments, either directly by the lender or the lender's agent, and (iii)
23		that requires no repayment until a future time, upon the earliest
24		occurrence of one or more events specified in the reverse mortgage
25		loan contract.
26	<u>(7)</u>	Shared appreciation. An agreement by the lender and the borrower
27		that, in addition to any interest accruing on the outstanding balance of
28		a reverse mortgage loan, the lender may collect an additional amount
29		equal to a percentage of any net appreciated value of the property
30		during the term of the reverse mortgage loan.
31	<u>(8)</u>	Total annual percentage rate. The annual average rate of interest,
32		which provides the total amount owed at loan maturity when this rate
33		is applied to the loan advances, excluding closing costs not paid to
34		third parties, over the term of the reverse mortgage loan.
35	" <u>§ 53-258. Autl</u>	hority and procedures governing reverse mortgage loans.
36		erson, firm, or corporation shall engage in the business of making
37	reverse mortgag	ge loans without first being approved as an authorized lender by the
38		unless the lender is the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency, or is a
39	bank, savings in	nstitution, or credit union authorized to do business under the laws of this
40	State or authori	zed to do business under the laws of the United States and chartered to
41	do business in t	
42		pplication for authorization to make reverse mortgage loans shall be in
43	-	Commissioner and in the form prescribed by the Commissioner. The
44	application shal	Il contain the name and complete business address or addresses of the

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1	applicant. The application shall also include affirmation of financial solvency and all
2	capitalization requirements that are required by the Commissioner. The application
3	shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee, payable to the Commissioner, of five
4	hundred dollars (\$500.00).
5	(c) The North Carolina Housing Finance Agency, and any bank, savings
6	institution, or credit union that is not required to obtain authorization to make reverse
7	mortgage loans under subsection (a) of this section, shall, prior to making any reverse
8	mortgage loan, notify the Commissioner of its intent to make reverse mortgage loans.
9	This notification shall be made on a form prescribed by the Commissioner and shall
10	contain all information required by the Commissioner.
11	(d) The Commissioner shall, upon determination that a lender should be
12	authorized to make reverse mortgage loans, issue notice of this authority to the lender.
13	The authority to issue reverse mortgage loans is valid for the period of time specified by
14	the Commissioner. A lender to whom a notice of authority is issued shall display the
15	notice prominently in any and all offices of the lender that make reverse mortgage
16	loans. Authorizations issued under this section are nontransferable and subject to an
17	annual fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00).
18	" <u>§ 53-259. Application of rules.</u>
19	In addition to the provisions of this Article, authorized lenders shall comply with
20	rules adopted by the Commissioner that are reasonable and necessary to effectuate the
21	purposes of this Article and to protect the public interest. Provided, however, that
22	provisions in Chapters 24 or 45 of the General Statutes and the rules adopted under
23	those Chapters that conflict with this Article shall not apply to reverse mortgage
24	transactions governed by this Article.
25	" <u>§ 53-260. Interest.</u>
26	Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the parties to a reverse
27	mortgage loan may contract for the payment of interest at a rate agreed to by the parties.
28	Interest shall be deferred until the earliest occurrence of one or more events specified in
29	the reverse mortgage loan contract. Payment of interest on deferred interest shall be as
30	agreed upon by the parties to the contract. The parties may agree that the deferred
31	interest may be added to the outstanding balance of the loan. The Commissioner may
32	determine that the total annual percentage rate is excessive. If the Commissioner
33	determines the total annual percentage rate to be excessive, that determination shall be
34	included in the information provided to counselors under G.S. 53-264(a)(7), and to
35	applicants for reverse mortgage loans under G.S. 53-264(b).
36	"§ 53-261. Taxes, insurance, and assessments.
37	A reverse mortgage loan contract may provide that it is the primary obligation of the
38	borrower to pay all property taxes, insurance premiums, and assessments in a timely
39	manner, and that the failure of the borrower to make these payments and to provide
40	evidence of payment to the lender may constitute grounds for default of the loan. A
41	reverse mortgage loan contract shall state that if a borrower fails to pay property taxes,
42	insurance premiums, or assessments, the lender may choose, at the lender's option, to
43	pay the amounts due, charge them to the reverse mortgage loan, and recalculate

1	ragularly scheduled	payments under the loan to account for the increased outstanding
2	loan balance.	payments under the loan to account for the increased outstanding
2		ation of loan; calculation of outstanding balance; prepayment.
4		se mortgage loan contract allows for a change in the payments or
5		the lender may charge a reasonable fee when payments are
6	recalculated.	
7		anding loan balance shall be calculated by adding the current totals
8		in subdivisions (1) through (4) below, and subtracting the current
9		nortgage loan payments made by the borrower to the lender:
10	<u>(1)</u> <u>The</u>	e sum of all disbursements made by the lender to the borrower, or to
11	and	other party on the borrower's behalf.
12		taxes, assessments, insurance premiums, and other similar charges
13	pai	d to date by the lender under G.S. 53-261 and not reimbursed by the
14	bor	rower within 60 days of the date payment was made by the lender.
15	<u>(3)</u> <u>All</u>	actual closing costs the borrower has deferred, if a deferral
16		vision is contained in the loan agreement.
17		e total accrued interest to date.
18		nt of the reverse mortgage loan, in whole or part, shall be permitted
19	without penalty at ar	ny time during the term of the loan.
20		n borrowers' liability.
21		everse mortgage loan becomes due, if the borrower mortgaged one
22	- '	00%) of the full value of the house then the amount owed by the
23		be greater than (i) the fair market value of the house, minus sale
24		tanding balance of the loan, whichever amount is less.
25		rower mortgaged less than one hundred percent (100%) of the full
26		the amount owed by the borrower shall not be greater than (i) the
27	_	of the loan, or (ii) the percentage of the fair market value, minus
28 29	-	ed in the contract, whichever amount is less. For shall enforce the debt only through the sale of the property and
29 30		ficiency judgment against the borrower.
31	"§ 53-264. Disclosu	
32		prescribed by the Commissioner, all authorized lenders shall
33		blowing information to the Commissioner for dissemination to all
34	*	vide counseling to prospective reverse mortgage borrowers:
35	-	e borrower's rights, obligations, and remedies with respect to the
36		rower's temporary absence from the home, late payments by the
37		der, and payment default by the lender.
38		nditions or events that require the borrower to repay the loan
39		igation.
40		e right of the borrower to mortgage less than the full value of the
41		ne, if permitted by the reverse mortgage loan contract.
42		e projected total annual percentage rate applicable under various
43		n terms and appreciation rates and interest rates applicable at
44		nple ages of borrowers.

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1	(5) Standard closing costs.
2	(6) All service fees to be charged during the term of the loan.
3	(7) Other information required by the Commissioner.
4	(b) Within 10 business days after application is made by a borrower, but not less
5	than 20 business days before closing of the loan, lenders shall provide applicants with
6	the same information required in subsection (a) of this section, shall inform applicants
7	that reverse mortgage counseling is required before the loan can be closed, and shall
8	provide the names and addresses of counselors listed with the Commissioner's office.
9	"§ 53-265. Information required of lender.
10	(a) At the closing of the reverse mortgage loan, the lender shall provide to the
11	borrower the name of the lender's employee or agent who has been designated
12	specifically to respond to inquiries concerning reverse mortgage loans. This
13	information shall be provided by the lender to the borrower at least annually, and
14	whenever the information concerning the designated employee or agent changes.
15	(b) On an annual basis and when the loan becomes due, the lender shall issue to
16	the borrower, without charge, a statement of account regarding the activity of the
17	mortgage for the preceding calendar year, or for the period since the last statement of
18	account was provided. The statement shall include all of the following information for
19	the preceding year:
20	(1) The outstanding balance of the loan at the beginning of the statement
21	period.
22	(2) <u>Disbursements to the borrower.</u>
23	(3) The total amount of interest added to the outstanding balance of the
24 25	$\frac{\text{loan.}}{\text{Any property taxes insurance premiums or assessments paid by the}$
25 26	(4) <u>Any property taxes, insurance premiums, or assessments paid by the</u> lender.
20 27	(5) Payments made to the lender.
27	(6) <u>The total mortgage balance owed to date.</u>
28 29	(7) The remaining amount available to the borrower in reverse mortgage
30	loans wherein proceeds have been reserved to be disbursed in one or
31	more lump sum amounts.
32	"§ 53-266. Effects of lender's default.
33	(a) A lender's failure to make loan advances to the borrower under the reverse
34	mortgage loan contract shall be deemed the lender's default of the contract. Upon the
35	lender's default, the lender shall forfeit any right to collect interest or service charges
36	under the contract. The lender's right to recovery at loan maturity shall be limited to the
37	outstanding balance as of the date of default, minus all interest. Lenders may also be
38	subject to other default penalties established by the Commissioner.
39	(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply if the lender has previously
40	declared the borrower in default under G.S. 53-267, or if the lender makes the required
41	loan advance within the time stated in the mortgage contract or within 30 days of receipt
42	of notice from the borrower that the loan advance was not received.
43	" <u>§ 53-267. Repayment upon borrower's default.</u>

1	A reverse 1	nortgage loan contract may provide for a borrower's default, thereby	
2	triggering early repayment of the loan, based only upon one or more of the following		
3	terms and conditions:		
4	<u>(1)</u>	The borrower fails to maintain the residence as required by the	
5		contract.	
6	<u>(2)</u>	The borrower sells or otherwise conveys title to the home to a third	
7		party.	
8	<u>(3)</u>	The borrower dies and the home is not the principal residence of the	
9		surviving borrower.	
10	<u>(4)</u>	The home is not the principal residence of at least one of the borrowers	
11		for a period of 12 consecutive months for reasons of physical or	
12		mental illness.	
13	<u>(5)</u>	For reasons other than physical or mental illness, the home ceases to	
14		be the principal residence of the borrower for a period of 180	
15		consecutive days and is not the principal residence of another borrower	
16		under the loan, without prior written permission from the lender.	
17	<u>(6)</u>	The borrower fails to pay property taxes, insurance premiums, and	
18		assessments under G.S. 53-261.	
19	" <u>§ 53-268. Tin</u>	<u>ne for initiation of foreclosure.</u>	
20	When a bor	rower's obligation to repay the reverse mortgage loan is triggered under	
21		n addition to all rights conferred upon owners and borrowers under	
22	-	the General Statutes, the lender must give the borrower not less than 90	
23	•	its intent to initiate foreclosure proceedings. If the contract so provides,	
24		ntinue to accrue during the 90-day period.	
25		unseling provisions.	
26		North Carolina Housing Finance Agency shall adopt rules governing the	
27	-	nselors and necessary standards for counselor training and shall establish	
28		s for training. The North Carolina Housing Finance Agency shall	
29		ames of all persons satisfying counselor training requirements to the	
30	Commissioner.		
31		Commissioner shall maintain a list of counselors who have satisfied	
32		ements and shall periodically provide an up-to-date copy of the list to all	
33	authorized lend		
34		Commissioner shall provide to all counselors who have satisfied training	
35	*	nformation provided to the Commissioner by authorized lenders under	
36	<u>G.S. 53-265.</u>		
37	" <u>§ 53-270. Pro</u>		
38		rtgage lenders are prohibited from engaging in any of the following acts	
39		with the making, servicing, or collecting of a reverse mortgage loan:	
40	<u>(1)</u>	Misrepresenting material facts, making false promises, or engaging in	
41		a course of misrepresentation through agents or otherwise.	
42	<u>(2)</u>	Failing to disburse funds in accordance with the terms of the reverse	
43	(2)	mortgage loan contract or other written commitment.	
44	<u>(3)</u>	Improperly refusing to issue a satisfaction of a mortgage.	

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(4)	Engaging in any action or practice that is unfair or deceptive, or that
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	operates a fraud on any person.
<u>(5)</u>	Contracting for or receiving shared appreciation.
<u>(6)</u>	Closing a reverse mortgage loan without receiving certification from a
	counselor that the borrower has received counseling on the advisability
)	of a reverse mortgage loan and the appropriate reverse mortgage loan
(7)	for the borrower.
<u>(7)</u>	Failing to comply with this Article.
	<u>mmissioner's authority to enforce; penalties.</u>
	Commissioner shall adopt rules necessary to implement and enforce the
	his Article. Upon finding probable cause to believe that an authorized
	lation of this Article, or of any law or any rule or regulation of this State,
	tes, or an agency of the State or the United States, the Commissioner
	ording reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard to the lender, order
	ease and desist from the violation.
	lender fails to comply with or appeal the Commissioner's cease and desist
	er shall be subject to a civil penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for
	that is the subject of the cease and desist order. The penalty imposed
	ion shall be in addition to and not in lieu of penalties available under any
-	of law applicable to a reverse mortgage lender.
• • • •	n a finding that a reverse mortgage lender has violated this Article, the may revoke, temporarily or permanently, the authority of the lender to
	nortgage loans.
	erson damaged by a lender's actions may file an action in civil court to
• •	and punitive damages. Attorneys' fees shall be awarded to a prevailing
	thing in this Article shall limit any statutory or common law right of a
	g an action in court for any act, nor shall this Article limit the right of the
	a person for the violation of any law.
"§ 53-272. Ap	
	nding any other provision of law, an aggrieved party may, within 30 days
after final deci	ision of the Commissioner, and by written notice to the Commissioner,
	to the North Carolina Court of Appeals for judicial review of the record.
	an appeal the Commissioner shall certify the record to the Clerk of the
Court of Appe	als no later than 30 days after receipt of the notice of appeal. The record
shall include a	all memoranda, briefs, and any other documents, data, information, or
evidence subm	itted by any party to the proceeding. All factual information contained in
<u>a report of ex</u>	amination or investigation submitted to or otherwise obtained by the
	or the Commissioner's staff shall be made a part of the record unless the
	deemed confidential by the Commissioner."
	2. G.S. 7A-29 reads as rewritten:
	eals of right from certain administrative agencies.
. ,	n any final order or decision of the North Carolina Utilities Commission
-	by subsection (b), the Department of Human Resources pursuant to under
G.S. 131E-188	(b), the Commissioner of Banks pursuant to <u>under</u> Articles <u>17 and 18-17</u>,

18, and 21 of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, the Administrator of Savings and 1 2 Loans pursuant to under Article 3A of Chapter 54B of the General Statutes, the North 3 Carolina Industrial Commission, the North Carolina State Bar pursuant to under G.S. 84-4 28, the Property Tax Commission pursuant to under G.S. 105-290 and 105-342, the Board 5 of State Contract Appeals pursuant to G.S. 143-135.9, or an appeal from the Commissioner 6 of Insurance pursuant to-under G.S. 58-9.4, or from the Governor's Waste Management 7 Board pursuant to under G.S. 130A-293 and G.S. 104E-6.2, appeal as of right lies 8 directly to the Court of Appeals.

9 (b) From any final order or decision of the Utilities Commission in a general rate 10 case, appeal as of right lies directly to the Supreme Court."

11 Sec. 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 1991. This act expires October 12 1, 1995. No reverse mortgage loan may be made on or after the date the act expires.

- 13 The expiration of the act does not affect the validity of a reverse mortgage loan made 14 before the data of expiration
- 14 before the date of expiration.