GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

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HOUSE BILL 1076

Short Title: Parental Leave Act.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Kennedy; Barnes, Barnhill, Burke, Colton, N. Crawford, Cunningham, Duncan, Easterling, Edwards, Fitch, Foster, Fussell, Gist, Hardaway, Holt, Judy Hunt, H. Hunter, Jeralds, Locks, Lutz, Michaux, Ramsey, Stamey, S. Thompson, Watkins, and Wiser.

Referred to: Public Employees.

April 7, 1989

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO A	ALLOW EMPLOYEES TO TAKE PARENTAL LEAVE IN CASES
3	INVOLVIN	G THE BIRTH OR ADOPTION OF A CHILD, AND TO PROTECT
4	THE EMPLO	OYEE'S EMPLOYMENT AND BENEFIT RIGHTS.
5	The General Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Sectio	on 1. Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
7	Article to read:	
8		" <u>ARTICLE 19.</u>
9	"	PARENTAL LEAVE ACT OF NORTH CAROLINA.
10	" <u>§ 95-220. Sho</u>	<u>rt title.</u>
11	This Article may be cited as the Parental Leave Act.	
12	" <u>§ 95-221. Defi</u>	nitions.
13	As used in this Article:	
14	<u>(1)</u>	'Employee' means any employee who is employed by the employer
15		with respect to whom benefits are sought under this Article for not less
16		than three consecutive months or not less than 500 hours, whichever
17		occurs earlier.
18	<u>(2)</u>	'Employer' means any person who employs 15 or more employees for
19		each working day during each of 20 or more calendar workweeks in
20		the current or preceding calendar year.

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1	(2)	'Employment herefits' means all herefits, other than seleny or wages
1 2	<u>(3)</u>	'Employment benefits' means all benefits, other than salary or wages, provided or made available to employees by an employer, and includes
2 3		group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave,
4		annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions, regardless of whether
4 5		such benefits are provided by a policy or practice of an employer or by
6		an employee benefit plan.
7	"8 95-222 P	arental leave.
8		employee shall be entitled to a total of 18 workweeks of parental leave
9	. ,	-month period because of the birth or adoption of a child of the employee.
10		e entitlement to leave under subsection (a) shall expire at the end of the 12-
11		beginning after the date of such birth or adoption.
12	<u>(c)</u> <u>Suc</u>	ch leave may consist of unpaid leave, except as provided in subsection (d).
13	<u>(d)</u>	(1) If an employer provides paid parental leave for fewer than
14		18 workweeks, the additional weeks of leave added to attain the 18-
15		workweek total may be unpaid.
16	<u>(2)</u>	An employee or employer may elect to substitute any of the
17		employee's paid vacation leave, personal leave, or parental leave for
18		any part of the 18-week period.
19	" <u>§ 95-223. E</u>	mployment and benefits protection.
20	<u>(a)</u> <u>Up</u>	on return from leave under G.S. 95-222 the employee shall be entitled:
21	<u>(1)</u>	
22		the employee when the leave commenced, or
23	<u>(2)</u>	
24		benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment.
25		e taking of leave under this Article shall not result in the loss of any
26	· ·	benefit accrued before the date on which the leave commenced.
27		cept as provided in subsection (d), nothing in this section shall be
28	construed to e	entitle any restored employee to:
29	<u>(1)</u>	
30		<u>of leave, or</u>
31	<u>(2)</u>	
32		any right, employment benefit, or position of employment to which the
33		employee would have been entitled had the employee not taken the
34		leave.
35		ring any period an employee takes leave under G.S. 95-222, the employer
36		n coverage under any group health plan for the duration of such leave at the
37		er the conditions coverage would have been provided if the employee had
38		employment continuously from the date the employee commenced the
39		e date the employee is restored under subsection (a).
40		rohibited acts.
41		shall be unlawful for any employer to discharge or demote an employee
42	-	rental leave or who attempts to take parental leave or for any employer, in
43		y, to interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of or the attempt to
44	exercise, any	right provided under this Article.

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1	(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge or in any other manner		
2	discriminate against any individual because such individual has:		
3	(1) Requested or applied for parental leave,		
4	(2) Instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding, under or related to		
5	this Article,		
6	(3) Given or is about to give any information in connection with any		
7	proceeding relating to any right provided under this Article, or		
8	(4) Testified or is about to testify in any proceeding relating to any right		
9	provided under this Article.		
10	" <u>§ 95-225. Right to bring a civil action.</u>		
11	An employee may bring a civil action against any employer to enforce the		
12	provisions of this Article in the superior court for the county in which the violations are		
13	alleged to have occurred or in which the employee resides.		
14	" <u>§ 95-226. Remedies.</u>		
15	(a) In any action brought under this Article, the court may grant as relief any		
16	permanent or temporary injunction, temporary restraining order, and other equitable		
17	relief as the court deems appropriate.		
18	(b) Any employer who violates G.S. 95-224 shall be liable to the injured party in		
19	an amount equal to:		
20	(1) Any wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation		
21	denied or lost to such employee by reason of the violation, plus interest		
22	on the total monetary damages calculated at the prevailing rate, and		
23	(2) An additional equal amount as liquidated damages.		
24	(c) The court, in any action brought under this section shall in addition to any		
25	judgment awarded plaintiff, order the costs of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees		
26	to be paid by the defendant.		
27	(d) Actions under this section must be brought within three years of the date of		
28	the alleged violation."		
29	Sec. 2. This act is effective upon ratification.		