

**Chapter 52C.**  
**Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.**  
Article 1.  
General Provisions.

**§ 52C-1-100. Short title.**

This Chapter may be cited as the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act. (1995, c. 538, s. 7(c).)

**§ 52C-1-101. Definitions.**

As used in this Article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:

- (1) "Child" means an individual, whether over or under the age of majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent.
- (2) "Child support order" means a support order for a child, including a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state.
- (3) "Duty of support" means an obligation imposed or imposable by law to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied obligation to provide support.
- (4) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive months immediately preceding the time of filing of a petition or comparable pleading for support and, if a child is less than six-months old, the state in which the child lived from birth with any of them. A period of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the six-month or other period.
- (5) "Income" includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the law of this State.
- (6) "Income-withholding order" means an order or other legal process directed to a payer of income to withhold support from the income of the obligor.
- (7) "Initiating state" means a state from which a proceeding is forwarded or in which a proceeding is filed for forwarding to a responding state under this Act or a law or procedure substantially similar to this Act, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.
- (8) "Initiating tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in an initiating state.
- (9) "Issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.
- (10) "Issuing tribunal" means the tribunal that issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.
- (11) "Law" includes decisional and statutory law and rules and regulations having the force of law.
- (12) "Obligee" means:
  - a. An individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered;
  - b. A state or political subdivision to which the rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or
  - c. An individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's child.

- 1 (13) "Obligor" means an individual, or the estate of a decedent:  
2 a. Who owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;  
3 b. Who is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child;  
4 or  
5 c. Who is liable under a support order.  
6 (14) "Register" means to file a support order or judgment determining paternity in  
7 the appropriate location for the recording or filing of foreign judgments  
8 generally or foreign support orders specifically.  
9 (15) "Registering tribunal" means a tribunal in which a support order is  
10 registered.  
11 (16) "Responding state" means a state in which a proceeding is filed or to which a  
12 proceeding is forwarded for filing from an initiating state under this Act or a  
13 law or procedure substantially similar to this Act, the Uniform Reciprocal  
14 Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal  
15 Enforcement of Support Act.  
16 (17) "Responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a responding state.  
17 (18) "Spousal-support order" means a support order for a spouse or former spouse  
18 of the obligor.  
19 (19) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto  
20 Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession  
21 subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes:  
22 a. An Indian tribe; and  
23 b. A foreign jurisdiction that has enacted a law or established  
24 procedures for issuance and enforcement of support orders which are  
25 substantially similar to the procedures under this Act, the Uniform  
26 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform  
27 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.  
28 (20) "Support enforcement agency" means a public official or agency authorized  
29 to seek:  
30 a. Enforcement of support orders or duties of support;  
31 b. Establishment or modification of child support;  
32 c. Determination of parentage; or  
33 d. To locate obligors or their assets.  
34 (21) "Support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary,  
35 final, or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a  
36 former spouse, which provides for monetary support, health care, arrears, or  
37 reimbursement, and may include related costs and fees, interest, income  
38 withholding, attorneys' fees, and other relief.  
39 (22) "Tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity  
40 authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine  
41 paternity, except that, for matters heard in this State, tribunal means the  
42 General Court of Justice, District Court Division. (1995, c. 538, s. 7(c);  
43 1997-433, s. 10; 1997-456, s. 27; 1998-17, s. 1.)  
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45 **§ 52C-1-102. District court has jurisdiction under this Act.**

46 The General Court of Justice, District Court Division is the court authorized to hear matters  
47 under this Act. (1995, c. 538, s. 7(c).)  
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49 **§ 52C-1-103. Remedies.**

50 Remedies provided by this Act are cumulative and do not affect the availability of remedies  
51 under other law. (1995, c. 538, s. 7(c).)